

POSTER PRESENTATION

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CRISPR-Cas9 mediated efficient PD-1 disruption on human primary T cells for adoptive therapy

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Background

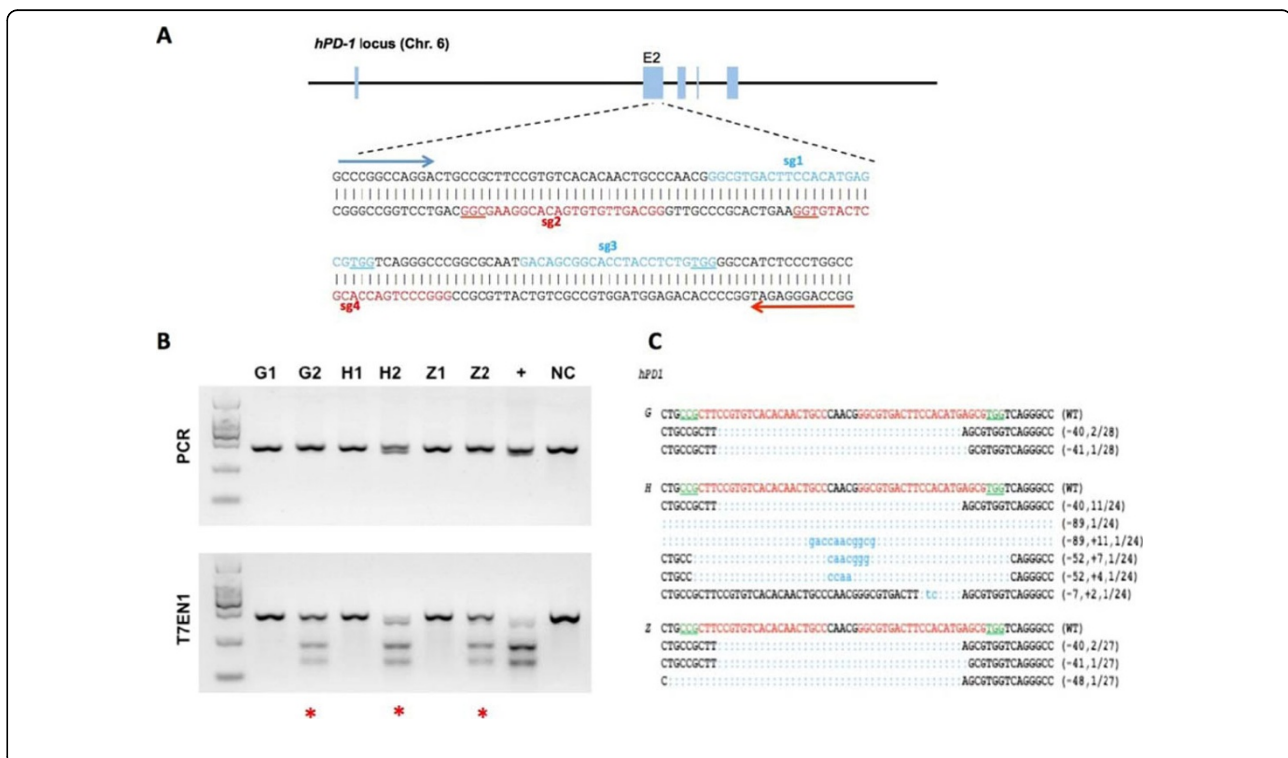
Strategies that enhance the function of T cells are critical for immunotherapy.

Methods

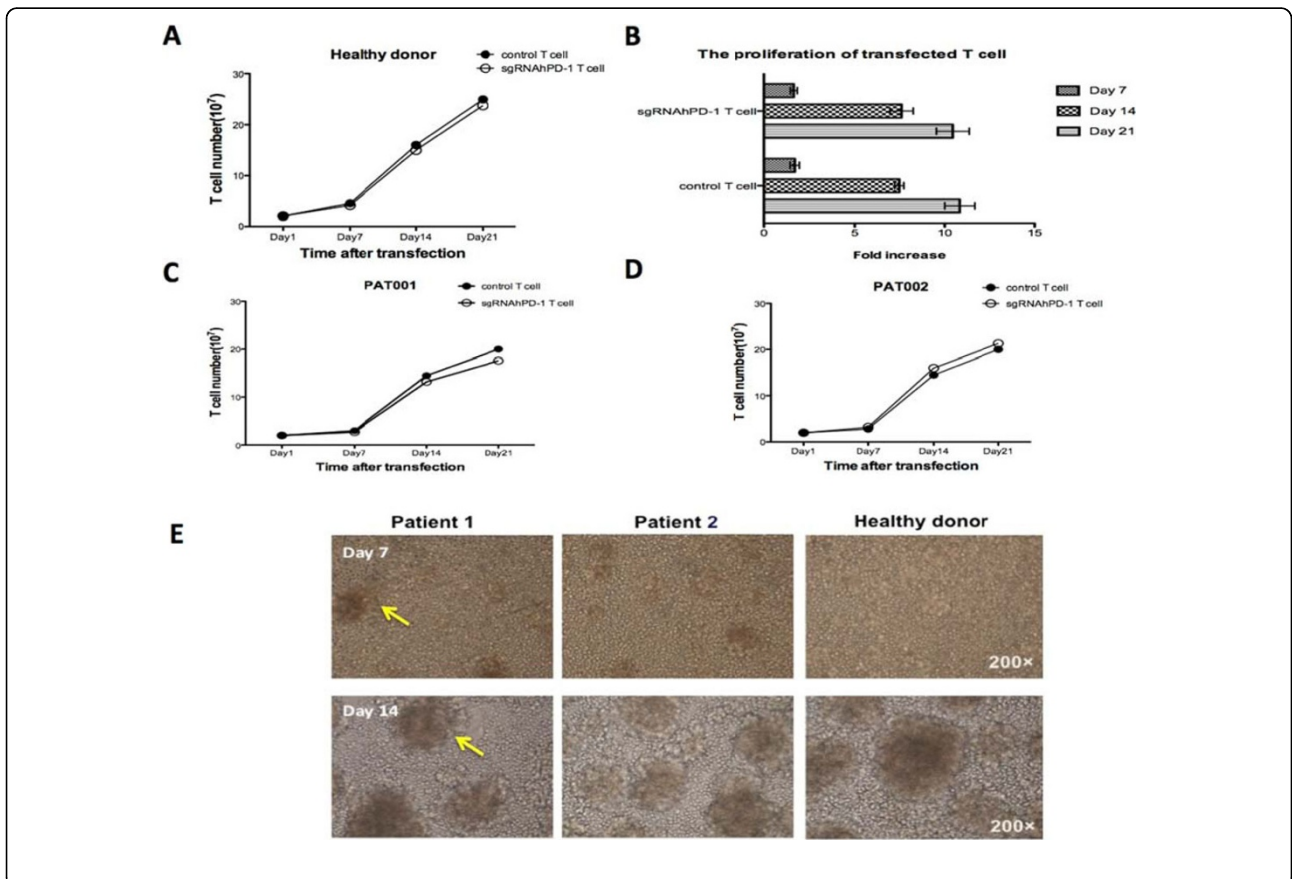
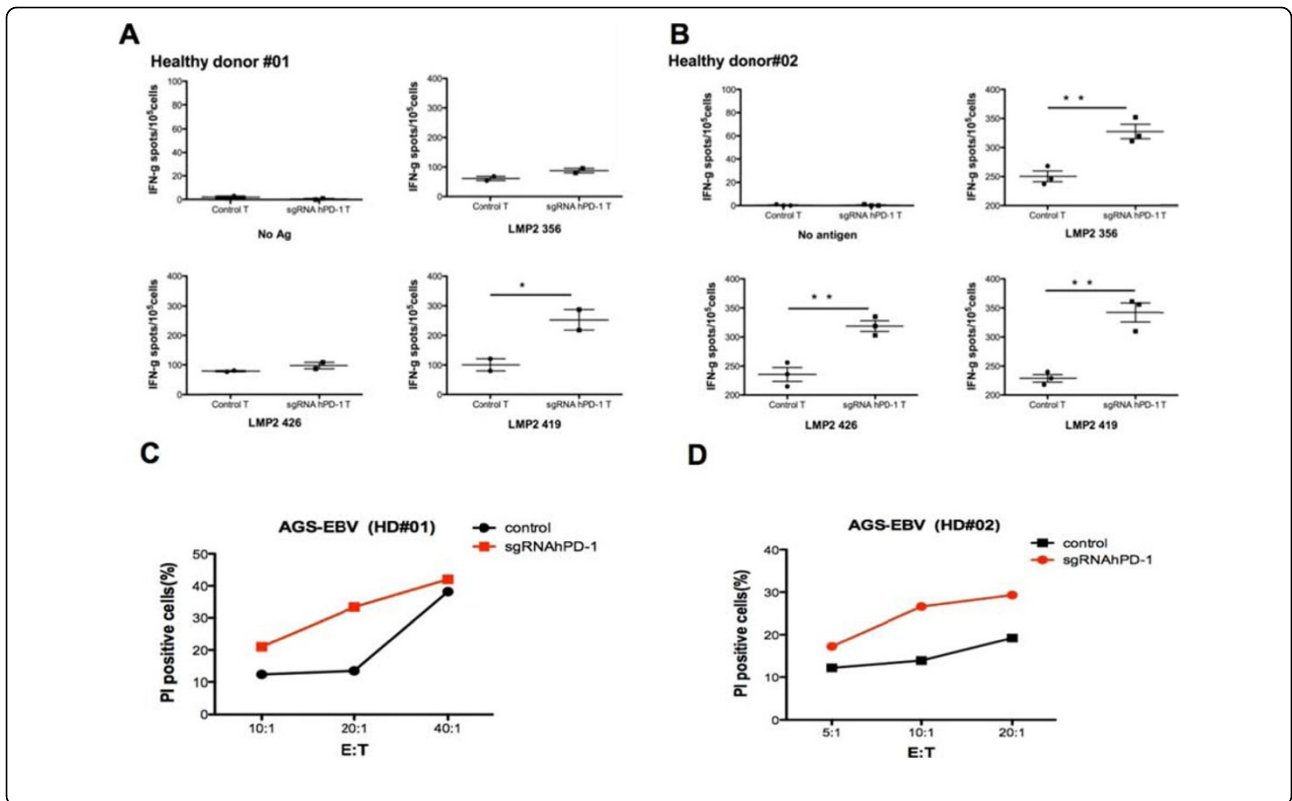
Here we described for the first time a non-viral mediated approach to reprogram primary human T cells by disruption of PD-1.

Results

We showed that the gene knockout of PD-1 by electroporation of plasmids encoding sgRNA and Cas9 was technically feasible. The disruption of PD-1 resulted in significant reduction of PD-1 expression but didn't affect the viability of primary human T cells. Cellular immune response of the gene modified T cells was characterized by up-regulated IFN- γ production and enhanced cytotoxicity.



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Conclusions

These results suggest that we have established an approach for efficient checkpoint inhibitor disruption, providing a new strategy for targeting checkpoint inhibitors to improve the efficacy of T cell based adoptive therapies.

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